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GENEALOGICAL RECORDS OF HUSSEY FAMILY AND OF ROSENCRANZ, KNIGHT AND TRUESDALE COLLATERAL LINES, FROM EARLY TIMES TO THE YEAR 1950

By Mrs. Amy Hussey Graham, 1869-1946
Revised by Edward Hussey Knight

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INTRODUCTION

The following genealogical records are of sufficient importance to preserve for posterity. The author of these records was my maternal first cousin, Mrs. Amelia (Amy) Hussey Graham, 1869-1946, who kept me informed of her progress during over thirty years of research into countless ancestral records. She was meticulous in all she did, persisting in authenticating, so far as possible, each link in the family lines. She gives many authorities for her statements, some of which I have verified and I have added others and made some corrections and additions to her text, in my final revision of it. I have also done considerable independent work on our family genealogy; a copy of my own paternal lines being now in Indiana State Library.

My cousin, Mrs. Graham, taught many years in the public schools of Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin and then resided in and near Washington, D.C. for many years and served in government duties. She there had access to the many original sources she used in developing her records and had planned to place copies of her final sketch in the public libraries of Congress, New York City, Boston, Philadelphia and Indiana. After her death, her unfinished records were sent to me and I am now fulfilling her plans by this final revision and will deposit copies in above libraries in her memory and deliver others to relations.

She and I were natives of Brazil, Indiana, her father being my mother's elder brother; so our family lines have that common origin. I am named after my maternal grandfather. My own Knight line also is traced back to England in both of its paternal branches; I being of the seventh generation from Giles Knight, who came to Pennsylvania in 1682 with William Penn. Since 1898 I have resided at Indianapolis, Indiana, where I am again serving as City Corporation Counsel.

December 21, 1950.

Edward Hussey Knight

Heat

Edward H. Knight
Jan 22, 1951

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THE HUSSEY FAMILY AND SOME ALLIED LINES, AS TRUESDALE, ROSENCRANZ AND KNIGHT,
BY AMY HUSSEY GRAHAM (1869-1946), LATE OF SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND
(As revised by her cousin, Edward H. Knight)

I am writing, for the information of present and future generations, an account of my records of the families from whence I sprang, in so far as I have been able to obtain and verify data through thirty years of research.

In the possession of my immediate family is an old family Bible, owned by my great great-grandfather, containing records of the family and from these records I began my study. This great great-grandfather was George Hussey of Baltimore, Maryland, who was of my paternal line.

I have here set down only authentic data and have given references and authorities to substantiate many of my statements.

I have exact memories of things my grandparents, great aunts and uncles have told me, and because I do not wish these records lost, I have verified them and am putting them in a concrete form for those who may be interested. I have consulted all obtainable authorities in the New York Genealogical Library, the Pennsylvania Historical Library, at 13th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, old Nantucket Island records kept in the archives of the Friends' Meeting House there, the records of the old Friends' Church in Baltimore, the Library of Congress in Washington and the D.A.R. Library of the National organization and the Genealogical Library in Boston, Mass. I have also consulted with the custodians of records in various other eastern Friends Meeting Houses and of courts for old deeds and wills.

Many of the records of various collateral lines have been published and may be consulted in any genealogical library. This is true of the Bachiler Family of New England, the Perkins family, the Rosecrans Family of America and others, so I shall not go further into those lines than to show their connections with my father's paternal line, the Husseys, the Rosecrans (or Rosencranz, as she spelled it) line of my father's mother's family and the Truesdale family of my mother's line and also an allied line, the Knights, which is a later line in the family, through my father's sister, Lucia E. Hussey, who married George A. Knight of Brazil, Indiana, of the sixth generation of that line in this country.

The Bassett line on my mother's paternal side, I have not attempted to trace, as I have no records to work from, and Bassett is so common a name in New England that it is difficult to trace and straighten the tangle of family relationships. I know that my grandfather, William Bassett, was born in the Connecticut River valley and married for his first wife a Mayhew, and had by her a son, William, who became a Methodist minister of Texas; a daughter Harriet, who married a Longley and lived in Easthampton, Mass.; and a daughter Martha, who married and lived in Missouri, marrying a man named Crosby. For his second wife William Bassett, the elder, married Mary Truesdale. She was my grandmother and her line will be appended. I recall that my mother said her father was connected with the Harrison line of Virginia.

Beginning with the Hussey line, I shall go back into early English traditions, giving such authorities as I have gathered. These traditions are well founded, and doubtless embody that foundation of truth which generally characterizes and established tradition. At least, it has been definitely established by all records that the Hussey family is a very ancient and knightly one. The following genealogy, as quoted, was written in ancient French and was found in the Abbey of Glastonbury when it was suppressed by Henry VIII. That a Hussey accompanied William the Conqueror on his conquest of England in 1066 has been established by the records and history of England. The family occupied an ancient seat in Harting, in Sussex and a branch spread out into Surrey. A history of the family of Hoesse, Husee, Hose, Huse, deHosata, as variously spelled, which was formerly in the possession of Nicholas Gould of Frome Hall, is deducted from very ancient times. A marginal note gives the following account of this ancient and knightly family. (See Camden's Remains.)

"Duke Rollo the Stronge, was a Saryson and came out Denmark into Fraunce and thereby by his valancie and stronge battailes did so fear the King that he caused the King of Fraunce to make an agreement in which it was agreed that he marry the King's daughter and should with her have the Duchy of Normandie, and so was Rollo, the first Duke of Normandie. William Long Eske, in English called William, with the Long Sword, was the son of Rollo and was the second Duke; Richard, Without Fear, was the son of William and was the third Duke. Richard, the Second, was the son of Richard and was the Fourth Duke, which Richard the Third was sone of Richard and was the Fifth Duke, which Richard had issue and had Robert, the Sixth Duke and Helene, Countess Huse. Robert begat William, which was the Seventh Duke of Normandie. This William was a valaint, but illegimate and base born, yet he succeeded Robert in the Dukedom, and by warlike progress arrived also in England and by conquest was crowned King of this land. His mother was the daughter of a certain citizen of Felicia. The aforesaid Countess Helene was the wife of a certain nobleman, called Hubert Huse, near to Ceaserburg in Normandie, which Hubert the aforesaid Duke William brought into England with all his natural brethren, according to the flesh, and when he had conquered this isle, created the said Hubert, husband of his sister Helene, his constable there. By which means the said Hubert gained great substance. This Hubert had by his wife Helene, William. This William Huse begat Godfyrd. This Godfyrd was the one which did chiefly assist his kinsman, Maude, Empress and her son against King Stephen. This Godfyrd begat Henry and Hubert, King of the Ambarges, and Lord William Huse, the religious monke of Glastonbury and ten brethren more, which were knights. Henry begat Ralph Huse, which married the Earl's daughter of Warwick, and Ralph begat William, William begat Raynold. Raynold begat Edmond Husse and William Husse. Of the aforesaid Huses came all of the Huses which dispersed in the realm of England. The richer sort of these do inhabit the higher parts of the land, the others toward Poole or thereabouts."

At the top of the pedigree are the arms of Hussey: Barry of six ermines and gules. Crest a boot, sable, turned down, ermine, the spurs and leather; perhaps in allusion to the name Quasi de Hosats, from Hosa, a buskin or boot. At bottom of shield issue two arms and hands, sable holding a

human heart, proper, Motto: Cor Immobile. The arms of all branches of this family are inserted in this pedigree. Patronymica Britannica says: (according to Stapleton's Rotuti Scasacarii Norminiae), "Osbert de Husse who was living 1180 was so named from Le Hozu, a fief in the parish of Grand Quevilly near Rouen; and one Henry de la Housse, or Houze, inter alias thru . . . of Husse." In an old account of the Hussey family the name is said to be Tousai de Hosa, from a boot or buskin, and the crest was a boot.

Godfyrd Huse lived in the time of King Stephen. His sister Cecilia was a nun, the pedigree adds that he was the father of Matthew, lived Henry 37, Henry III, and James a Knight of Rhodes. Matthew had a daughter and heir, who married Nicholas Huse of Lincolnshire. His brother, William, though a Monk, is said to have slain the Shouldron of Babylon and was cruelly martyred by the Saracens. Godfyrd's son, who lived 15 John was the older son and the ancestor of the Dorset line of Husseys. Ralph Huse, son of Henry, lived 1284 and by a deed, sans quit claim to his son William Huse, of all his rights in tenement in Sutton Abbas, county Somerset. On his seal, a boot, the legend Siglium Rudolph Hussee. His son William lived 1328 and married one of the heirs general of Theobald, Lord Vernon. His son, Reginald, or Raynold, lived 1333 and by deed, styling himself son of William Hussee of Sutton Abbas, grants His seal, a lion rampant, the legend "Siglium Husse."

According to "Catherine of Arragon," by Mattingly, pp. 399-400: Mention of Hussey . . . 1535: "The boldest and most outspoken were the northern lords, chiefly John Hussey and Thomas Darcy, both great barons on the northern marshes, and both later taken and executed for treason. Lord Hussey, whom Henry had trusted with the guradianship of the Princess Mary, sought out Chapuyes secretly to tell him that the lords and gentlemen of the northern counties were determined to remedy the evils of the kingdom and appealed to the Emperor for aid, referring Chapuyes for further information to his "brother," Lord Darcy, of Templehurst, who had sent, the Christmas before, a little medal with the significant arms of the Poles; he found Darcy ready to talk frankly. The King's conduct, Darcy said, was such an offense against God and reason that, although he had always accounted himself the most loyal of subjects, he could ccuntenance it no longer. He was going north where every parish priest could be relied upon to preach against a heretic King, and where sixteen hundred lords and gentlemen of his opinion would rally to the banner of the crucifix and the imperial standard. He and Hussey, he said, and Sir Thomas Dacre and the Earl of Derby, were the leaders, and they were sure of every great man north of the Humber, save only the Earl of Northumberland, with whom they were ready to deal. Of the Emperor they asked help in reaching an understanding with the Scots, arms to equip the poorer gentry, a small force of gunners from Flanders, and some sort of naval demonstration at the Thames' mouth to hold Henry's attention until their forces could gather.

Hussey pedigree, according to Dugdale, Vol. II, p. 310:

Sir William Hussey, attorney general, II Edward 1st, chief justice of King's Bench, 7 May, 21st Edward I.

First wife, Ann, daughter of George, Earl of Kent.

Sir John Hussey, Lord Hussey, chief butler of England, 13th Henry VIII, one of the Knights of the King's body, 21st Henry the VIII, and summoned to parliament, 3rd of November in the year 1529. Executed and attainted of treason, 28th Henry VIII, 1536. Married Margaret, daughter and heir to Simon Blount. Property restored, 3rd Edward VI, 1549-50.

There are so many references to the Hussey family in the various notes found in the histories of those times, that I have not quoted them, for lack of space.

This account is probably not historically correct, but the fact is well established nevertheless, through numerous authorities, that the founder of the English family of Hussey was a companion and honored confidant of William, the Conqueror.

The Normans kept, also, their Norman estates and divided their time betwen England and Normandy. This family had holdings in Normandy under Prince John, brother of Richard, Coeur de Lion. See account of family in Dureford Abbey, Eng.: "Henry de Hoese or Hosatus, as he is commonly called, settled a small colony of Pre Monstratensian canons in the early part of the reign of Henry II at Dureford, in the Parish of Rogate, just within the limits of West Sussex."

The family of the founder, Henry Hoese, seems to have been originally seated in Normandy, but lands in Wiltshire, Shropshire, Hampshire and Kent, as well as Sussex, were afterwards held by various branches. A mile north of Rouen, le Hosie, now called le Houssie, was a fief in the parish of Carde Queuilly and was held by Henry de la Hossee of the honour of Mouton, the Earldom of Prince John, before he was King in the Duchy. Four leagues to the north of Rouen is also the parish of La Houssaye Beringer. This latter name may indicate that Abbott Beringer may have sprung from them. We must accept, on the authority of the roll of the Battle Abbey, that "Husse" was one of the invading army of the Normans. Many references to the Hussey family are in "Rotati Scaroni Normani," with Mrs. Stapleton's preface, Vol. I, page CXVIII (118). "Henricus de la Hosee tenet terram suam de la Hosseet de Revillo it de Rothes Magoete de Rigi pro quadabet servitus Boutciere."

The pedigree of Hussey has been given in Dugdale's Barony, according to copy herein referred to. The advent of at least one or perhaps two of the name of Hussey, with William the Conqueror, as heretofore indicated, is established by more than one authority, such as:

Battle of Hastings Roll
Brompton's Chronicles of Husee and Hussey
Burke, in Battle Abbey Roll

The family of Huse or Hose of Beechworth, County Surrey, the direct male line having become extinct in Sussex, was established in Surrey through

a branch of the Sussex line and arose from a younger son. From this line Christopher Hussey, the founder of the American line is descended.

Christopher's great-grandfather, Sir Henry Hussey, was lord of several manors and received knighthood from his sovereign. His cheif seat was in the Parish of Strinfold, Hundred of West Easwick, Rape of Arundel, County of Essex, in 1517. Authority: T. C. Banks "Dormant and Extinct Baronages of England," Vol. I, London 1807, pp. 343-344.

In "Histories of Castles and Mansions of Western Sussex," by D. G. G. Elwes and Rev. C. J. Robison, 1876, p. 205: "Chief land owners in Itchfield in the sixteenth century were the families of Hussey and Shelly, Husseys of Hertney or Hertwig." The Surrey historian, Aubrey, records the following inscription on a monument in a church at Battersee: "To Henry Hussey, Esq., his loving wife Judith Pagett has erected this monument. He delivered his soul to God, the 23 of May, 1611, in the 46th yr of his age. His body lyeth here buried, waiting a joyful resurection."

This gentleman had several sons, of whom Thomas Hussey became proprietor of the estate at Sutton Place in Blackheath, where a monument to him was noted by Aubrey. Another son, born 1573, whose name has not been ascertained, was residing in Dorking, where his son Christopher was born in 1598. (This son was John, who was married to Marie Wood, as shown by parish registers, and they became the parents of Christopher.)

From this Christopher the line will be carried further along in this account.

George Hussey of Strinfold is supposed to have been a son of Henry Hussey and Judith Pagett, his wife. On July 8, 1663, a license was issued for the marriage of John Evans of Bletchingly, Sussex, gent. aged 30, to Judith Hussey of Strinfold, Sussex, age 26, with consent of father, George Hussey. From Westmoreland marriage licenses, 1558-1690.

Harlein Soc. Pub., Vol. 23, p. 90, 1886.

References to preceding notes are to be found in: Camden's "Remains."
John Hutchin's "History and Anthology of County of Dorset."
Vol. III, Westmoreland, 1835, pp. 161-5.
Roll of Battle Abbey.
Dugdale's Baronage, Vol. I, p. 253.
Bank's Baronical, Vol. I.
Dalloway's "Rape of Chichester," p. 90, of Branch and Dale.
Allyn's "Gloucestershire," p. 338.
Hutchin's "Dorset," Vol. II, p. 62.

Many other references are omitted for want of time and space.

A Brochure entitled the Hussey Peerage, to be found in the Congressional Library and in the Genealogical Library, 9 Ashburton Street, Boston, Mass.,

as well as in other genealogical collections, gives the following information:

Sir John Hussey married Margaret of Blount and had children:

Sir William
Ursula
Elizabeth
Sir Giles, who married Joan Piggott and had children Giles and Joan
Thomas, son George
George, son John

Queen Elizabeth restored all civil rights to the children of Lord John Hussey, who was attainted of treason in the reign of Henry VIII, and executed in 1536. In Dugdale's Peerage, Lord John Hussey married Margerie, dau. of Simon Blount and had children as above.

In Burke's "Landed Gentry," he gives an account of the Husseys of Scotney Castle, Kent, the present owner being Edward Hussey, who had as seats Scotney Castle and others. There is a Thomas Hussey, born 1722, died 1790, who had sons, Edward, Rev. John, Rev. William and Rev. Arthur. Records show that a younger son of the Hugh Hussey line, went to Ireland, and from him, doubtless, the Irish Husseys are descended.

Enough has been given here to show the place the family had in English history and in the events of their time.

Taking up another English branch of the American Husseys, a brief account of the noted Bachiler line will be given, but a longer and more detailed history of this family may be found in many published records.

Stephen Bachiler, Sr. was born in England in 1561. He entered St. John's College, Oxford and matriculated at the age of twenty, in 11-17-1581, receiving the decree B.H. 2-3-1585. In 1591, he was vicar of the Church of the Holy Cross and St. Peter at Wherell in Hants, the living of the Lord de la War.

In 1605 he went to Holland and became head of the "Company of the Plough," a band of people pledged to go to New England. With them, he sailed in 1632 on the "William and Francis" and landed in Boston, after a voyage of 88 days. From Boston he went to Saugus, now Lynn, Mass. Here he lived for many years, thence going to Hampton, N. H. He has left a deep mark on New England records, as recorded in the published annals of that time. He returned to England and died there in 1660. Among the descendants of this illustrious, forceful, dominant character, are Daniel Webster, John Greenleaf Whittier and perhaps Nathaniel Hawthorne. See Anne Field's "Friends and Authors."

I have been unable to trace Nathaniel Hawthorne's line back to Stephen Bachiler, several of whose descendants had the name Nathaniel and

the author had the features referred to. His paternal line is traced back to 1630. No biography clears his ancestry. His parents were Capt. Nathaniel Hathorne, as then spelled, and Elizabeth Manning H.

Daniel Webster was a descendant of Stephen Bachiler, Sr., in the eighth generation, through Stephen, Jr., Nathaniel, Sr., Nathaniel, Jr., Benjamin and his mother, Susanah Bachiler. She married Ebenezer Webster, Sr., who was Daniel's paternal grandfather. Stephen Bachiler, Sr., had handsome features, deep set, black eyes, under a prominent brow, a characteristic of many of his descendants and the "Bachiler" eye is well known in New England. Daniel Webster, like Whittier, inherited the Bachiler features to a marked degree, and he was reputed as almost a prototype of Stephen Bachiler. The Webster line is definitely established. See George F. Curtis "Life of Daniel Webster" (1870), Vol. I, pp. 5-6. Pictures in Whittier's home of his mother, sister Elizabeth and himself confirm such resemblance.

From "American Poets" by S. Cody, a letter from John G. Whittier is quoted, "Josiah Coffin, the late historian of Newbury (and who knew more of our antiquities than any one else) always told me that I was a descendant of Christopher Hussey, on my mother's side, in common with Daniel Webster and others. My grandfather was Samuel Hussey of Somersworth, New Hampshire. One of my uncles was named Joseph. I have always understood that the Husseys of Hampton were of our family." His mother's maiden sister, Mercy Hussey, lived with them until her death.

The "Genealogical History of Maine and New Hampshire" (1926-1939), by Noyes, Libby and Davis, traces Whittier's maternal line back only to a Richard Hussey of Dover, N.H., birth date not given, but who died about 1721. His five children are named, the first born in 1691 and the last, a son Joseph, born June 23, 1699 at Somersworth, N.H., and who was the father of Samuel Hussey (below), Whittier's grandfather. The Dover, N.H. Hist. Coll. verifies this Joseph as the son of Richard and Jane Hussey, who then was Richard's [illegible] Richard, having his first child in 1691 and if then 21 or over, was born not later than 1670 and more probably about 1665. His father, thus must have been born prior to 1645. All authorities except the above "Geneal. Hist.," (which fails to list him, and misnames the daughter Huldah, as Hanna), supply this link, as Joseph Hussey I, a third son of Christopher and Theodate Hussey; the two other sons being Stephen and John (our ancestor), hereafter referred to. Among these other accepted authorities are John Austin, "106 Allied Families of Mass."; Savage, "Genealogical Dict. of First Settlers of New Eng."; Cutter, "Geneal. and Personal Memoirs"; History of New Hampshire; Maxwell Family lines; and O'Gorman Ancestry. These variously list Joseph as either the 2d, 3d, or 6th child of Christopher Hussey, giving no date of birth, and list the five others as Stephen, b. 1630, or 1632; John, about Dec., 1635; Mary, 1637, or 1638; Theodate 1640; and Huldah 1643, or one in 1646. Thus, Joseph could have been born in either 1633, 1634, 1639, or some later; but more probably prior to 1642, as his mother Theodate, died in 1649, age 51. Records show him serving in 1672 as a colonial representative and as an army captain. No other trace has been found, but he likely lived beyond 1700. If born by 1642, or even as late as 1647, and married at 21 years, or some later, he could have been the father of above Richard Hussey. Dover, Somersworth and Hampton, N.H., where all these Husseys resided, were close together and thus make the family relationship more probable, and in accord with Whittier's own statements.

Records are ample that the above Joseph Hussey II, b. 1699 and who d. Feb. 1762, at Dover, N.H., married in 1736 a widow, Elizabeth Tibbetts, that their son, 3d of seven children, was Samuel Hussey, b. Dec. 12, 1742, at Somersworth, N.H., d. April 17, 1814, and who married on May 3, 1769, Mercy Evans, a daughter of Joseph Evans, of Dover, N.H., who was b. March 23, 1708, d. July 12, 1788, and

who had married Elizabeth Hanson (surname untraced), b. Sept. 12, 1707, d. _____. Samuel and Leroy Hussey's daughter Abigail, b. 1781, d. Dec. 27, 1857, married on Oct. 3, 1804, John Whittier, b. Nov. 22, 1780, d. June 11, 1830; and John Greenleaf Whittier, the poet, b. Dec. 17, 1807, d. Sept. 7, 1892, was their son.

The best biography of Whittier, authorized by him, was by Samuel T. Pickett (1894), where the poet's paternal line from 1620 down is set out, and Pickett asserts, on pp. 9-13, that Abigail Hussey Whittier was a descendant of Stephen Bachiler, as was Daniel Webster.

Under the caption Whittier, John G., the Encyclopaedia Britannica (9th Ed.) says: "His mother, Abigail Hussey, whom the poet strongly resembled, was of good stock. The Reverend Stephen Bachiler, an Oxford man and a Churchman, who became a non-conformist and emigrated to Boston in 1632, was one of her forbears, and also was an ancestor of Daniel Webster. The poet and the statesman showed their kinship by "the dark, deep set, lustrous eye" that impressed one who met either of these uncommon men." Also, in a biography of Whittier (Chicago Record, Saturday, October 16, 1897) we have this excerpt, "On his mother's side, Whittier was descended from ancestry well planted in New England soil. She was a Hussey and the earliest New England Husseys and the earliest New England Whittiers were contemporaries. One of her ancestors was a clergyman named Bachiler, and through him Whittier could claim kinship with Nathaniel Hawthorne and Daniel Webster. These three distinguished New Englanders were all remarkable for one physical characteristic, that descended to them from their common ancestor, an eye set deep, dark and lustrous, well known to all old New England families as "the Bachiler Eye," as hereinbefore noted.

In the Proceedings of the New Hampshire Historical Society, p. 170, Vol. 5, 1906-1910, appears Savage's sketch of Stephen Bachiler, stating that his daughter Theodate married Christopher Hussey, who was perhaps a relative of the Mayor of Winchester, of the same name. Stephen Bachiler went to Newbury, where he and Christopher received extensive tracts of land. Later he was pastor at Saugus, afterward Lynn. It is related that, at 76 years of age, he walked to Yarmouth, a distance of many miles. In the Bachelder (or Bachiler) genealogy, found in most libraries, one may find much of the turbulent life of this stubborn, old non-conformist. He always wrote his own name as Bachiler, but it is given variously in different histories as Bachelor, Batchelder, etc. He was married three times, first a wife, _____ (surname unknown), who died in England and was the mother of his six children; secondly, Helen, born 1563; and thirdly, Mary, about 1648. Mary, a very young woman, whom he married when very old, was the cause of great grief and embarrassment in his last years. Theodate Bachiler, who became the wife of Christopher Hussey, was the second daughter of Stephen, by his first wife, and was born in England in 1588. Stephen was a man of great force of character, and he would not give his daughter to Christopher Hussey, until the latter promised to leave England for America. Christopher, having married Theodate, left England, therefore, with his wife and his mother, Marie Wood Hussey, then a widow, and preceded Bachiler to the new world, and became the progenitor of the American family of Hussey.

"The reverend Bachiler had six "Followers of the Plough," who remained faithful to him in all his wanderings. He incurred the enmity of Governor Winthrop by refusing to recognize the jurisdiction of the State over the Church. His son-in-law, Christopher Hussey, followed him from place to place, finally settling at Hampton, which was later in New Hampshire. The old records speak of

Stephen Bachiler as a man of great learning. He had warm friends and bitter enemies, and was finally driven back to England at the age of 80 years, dying in a little town near London when one hundred years old.

"Theodate, spoken of before, was born in 1598. She died October 20, 1649, at Hampton, N.H. Stephen turned over his property to Christopher Hussey and wife, in consideration of the fact that "the said Hussey had had little or nothing at the time of marriage and that said Hussey had been helpful to him, both formerly and in fitting him out for his voyage to England."

Christopher Hussey was born at Dorking, in Surrey, England, in 1598, being the second son of John Hussey and Marie Wood, his wife, the first son dying in infancy. There were no other children in the family. Christopher's baptism is recorded in the old parish register at Dorking, as February 18, 1599, as is the marriage of his parents, John and Marie Wood Hussey, Dec. 5, 1593.

Christopher and his wife, Theodate, with his widowed mother, came to America, according to his promise to Stephen Bachiler. He had the title of "Mr.", which in those days was only given to gentry. Out of a hundred immigrants, there averaged only two or three with this title. He came to Mass. in 1630, according to the better records, but some accounts say 1632, and married shortly before leaving England. He was granted large tracts of land and was an important man in the Colony. He was appointed by Charles II, one of the Councillors and held many civil offices, including that of deputy in 1637, which office corresponded to Lt. Governor; Justice of the Peace; Captain of the militia, etc. He was granted 250 acres of land in 1640 and in 1645 more land was granted and more land in 1650. He was the highest taxpayer, but one, in the town. He was one of the purchasers of the Island of Nantucket, for 30 pounds and two beaver hats, his share of which he deeded to two of his sons, Stephen and John, and the former settled there.

In a will, 1685 -10-28, proved 1686 -10-7, executors were his son, John Hussey and his son-in-law, John Smith, with witnesses Stephen Torrey, Robert Pike and Martin.

(See authority, John Austin, "160 Allied Families of Mass.") See also, William R. Cutter's "Genealogy and Memoirs of Families of Mass." (1910).

After Theodate's death in 1649, Christopher was married a second time in 1658, to Anne Mingay, widow of Judge Jeffrey Mingay, who died in 1680. The sons and daughters of Christopher were all children of Theodate, his first wife. In Hampton, N.H., Christopher was one of the grantees of the town and one of the Royal Councillors named in the Royal Commission, when New Hampshire became a Royal Province. He died in Hampton at the age of 88 years. In the journal of Henry Dow, of Hampton, he mentions the burial of Christopher 3-16-1686. This Henry Dow was a son-in-law, the third husband of Mary Hussey, daughter of Christopher. The children of Christopher were:

1. Stephen, born at Lynn about 1632, the second white child born there and baptized June 8, 1632, by his grandfather, Stephen Bachiler, the first to be baptized there. Stephen was married Oct. 8, 1676, to Martha Bunker

and, as has been stated, settled in Nantucket, where he died Feb. 21, 1718, and was buried in the Friends' first burial ground on the island. He had considerable property. From him descended many of the name who have lived in Nantucket. I shall give more about him later.

2. John, born in 1635 and baptized February 29, 1636. He died in 1707 or 1711. Married Rebecca Perkins Sept. 21, 1659, who was the daughter of Isaac and Susanna Perkins, of Hampton, N.H. This John is the direct ancestor of our line from Christopher Hussey. He lived for awhile at Seabrook, N.H. before going to Delaware. From Mrs. Hinchman's "Early Settlers of Nantucket" the following is quoted: "John Hussey was appointed a member of the Assembly before he removed from Hampton, N.H. to Newcastle, Delaware, in 1688, but being a Friend, was unwilling to take the oath of office, hence did not serve. After his removal to Delaware, in 1692, he was appointed a Member of the Pennsylvania Assembly to represent Newcastle county, at that time considered one of the three lower counties of Pennsylvania, and as Pennsylvania Friends were not required to take oath before entering office, he was duly enrolled in 1696." He was deeded, on July 1, 1695, by purchase, 340 acres of land near New Castle, Del.

This John Hussey, when a young man, in Massachusetts, fought in King Philip's War, 1675-1703. He later became a preacher to the Friends and the Quaker settlement, including John, settled near the Delaware River and first held meetings by permission of the Philadelphia Quarterly Meeting until 1705, and bought land to build a meeting house, (authority: Scharf's History of Delaware). He died in 1707 or 1711, in Delaware. His wife, Rebecca Perkins, was a member of the well known family of New England, whose American progenitor was the Reverend William Perkins of Ipswich, who was born in London, 8-25-1607, and came to America on the William and Francis. His son, Isaac Perkins, born 1612, married in 1642 Susanna, daughter of Humphrey Wise. They had twelve children, all constructive factors in the colonies of East and West Jersey. Isaac Perkins died at Hampton, N.H., 11-13-1665, and thereafter his widow went with her son-in-law and daughter, John and Rebecca Hussey, to Delaware and lived there until her death. Another daughter married a Biddle of Philadelphia. Among present day descendants of Isaac and Susanna Perkins, on the distaff line, are the Holcombs of New Castle, Delaware and Clement Reeves Wainwright and Francia King Wainwright of Philadelphia. (From "The Perkins Family of New Hampshire," Vol. 7, p. 171, Pub. Gen. Record, D.A.R. Library, Washington, D.C.)

A continuing line of John Hussey will be given later in this narrative.

3. The third son of Christopher Hussey and Theodate Bachiler was Joseph. He is not mentioned in some records, nor in his father's will, but I have traced many records and find reliable authorities, notably "The Bachiler Genealogy" in Congressional Library, Washington, which says, under sons of Christopher Hussey, "Joseph, who was a representative from Hampton in 1672. From "American Poest," by Cody, I find further proof of the relationship. Savage, in his New England Genealogy, says Joseph was a brother of John, a son of Christopher, lived in Hampton and was a captain in 1672. He was the progenitor of the Whittier line, which I have before given.

4. Hulda Hussey was a daughter of Christopher and Theodate. She married John Smith of Hampton and lived to be 97 years old.

5. Theodate. No further records are found of her.

6. Mary. She married first, Thomas Page, son of Robert and Lucy Page; second, Henry Gowen; and third, Henry Dow, son of Henry and Joan Dow.

These six were the children of Christopher and Theodate Hussey.

Stephen Hussey has been referred to before. Nantucket records say he was a lawyer and himself very litigious, as several accounts of lawsuits are given participated in by him, with other leading citizens. He was one of the wealthiest and most influential men of the little hamlet, was a representative at the general court and his descendants intermarried with other island families, such as the Starbucks, Coffins, Macys, Sweatts, etc., so it is a difficult matter to untangle the various relationships. Inasmuch as this is not my direct line I shall name his children only. Other data can be found in the island records. The children of Stephen and Martha Bunker Hussey were:

1. Puella, born October 10, 1677; married in May, 1695 Shuabel Gorham, who was b. Oct. 21, 1667, son of John and Mary Otis Gorham of Barnstable, Mass., and he died 1750.

2. Abigail, b. Dec. 22, 1679, married first, Thomas Hause; second Thomas Marshall, son of James and Ruth Hawkins Marshall. This was the Abigail Hussey, who built one of the first houses on the Island with glass windows, thereby causing a local historian to comment dryly, "The Husseys always wanted fine things."

3. Sylvanus, born May 13, 1682, died Feb. 10, 1767. He married first, Dec. 12, 1711, Abial Brown, the daughter of John and Rachel Gardner Brown and a great, great-granddaughter of Peter Hobart. She died in 1722 and he then married Hepzibah Starbuck, born Sept. 8, 1700 O.S., and died Dec. 31, 1764. She was a daughter of Nathaniel Starbuck and Dinah Coffin Starbuck.

4. Batchelder, born Feb. 18, 1684; married October 11, 1704, Abigail Hall of Boston.

5. Daniel, born Oct. 20, 1687. Died young.

6. Mary, born March 24, 1689; died 1771. Married first, Jonathan Worth, son of John and Miriam Gardner Worth; second, Ebenezer Barnard, died 1767, who was son of Nathaniel and Mary Barnard.

7. George, born June 21, 1694, died 1782. Married Elizabeth Starbuck, daughter of Nathaniel Starbuck, Jr. and Dinah Coffin Starbuck.

8. Theodate, born September 15, 1700. Married James Johnson.

The Joseph Hussey line I shall go into briefly, as I have partially given it earlier in this record. I have found no record of his children.

His grandson Samuel Hussey married Mercy Evans. Their children were Christopher, Peter, Elizabeth, Mary, Susannah, Samuel, Abigail, Mercy, Ruth and Anna. Abigail married John Whittier and their son was John Greenleaf Whittier, as heretofore stated.

I shall now go into the John Hussey line in some detail and shall speak of the several John Husseys by number in order to prevent confusion by their similar names.

John Hussey I, after settling in Delaware with a company of Friends, established Monthly meetings and later called them the Kennett Monthly Meetings. Much of the material found and here recited has been from records kept in the minutes of these Monthly Meetings of the Friends. As town records at that time were seldom accurately kept, if at all, it will be seen that the Friends meticulous system of records is of incalculable value in tracing genealogical lines of that religious body. In order that a proper marriage between members of the church be made, both parties must be Friends and must declare intentions of matrimony to the Meeting, whereupon a committee was appointed to inquire into the fitness of the proposed union, to investigate all circumstances and report to Meeting. If all was found in order, permission was given and certain members were appointed to be witnesses and all was duly recorded. Former sweethearts, debts, any misdemeanor of the principals, and various other things would cause withholding of approval of marriage. As all the investigation took time, often impetuous lovers took the law into their own hands and were married by "a Hireling priest," meaning by a preacher of another denomination. As the Quaker minister took no pay for his services and other preachers did, the expression "Hireling Priest" was significant. Such a departure from custom debarred the participants from communion with the Friends until an acknowledgment of error was made and the sinners were pardoned and again received into fellowship. To be disowned by the Society did not necessarily mean that any dishonest or wicked act had been committed by the persons disowned. The records are full of instances where such acts as wearing a ribbon, unseemly conduct, a worldly act, any turning aside from the strict regimen of the Society, were causes of discipline.

The children of John and Rebecca Hussey were:

1. Theodate, b. 6-12-1660
2. Rebecca, b. 3-10-1662; married Samuel Collins
3. Mary, b. 3-8-1665; married Moses Sweatt
4. Susannah, b. 9-2-1667; married Richard Otis
5. Ann, b. 5-14-1669; married James Stevegan
6. Hulda, b. 7-16-1670
7. Bathsheba, b. 9-21-1671; married Thomas Babb
8. Christopher, b. 10-16-1672; married Sarah _____
9. Hopeb, b. 3-9-1674; died in infancy
10. John, b. 1-18-1676; died in infancy
11. Hope, b. 2-22-1677
12. Jedidah, b. 3-6-1678; married Esther _____

1. [illegible], [illegible] (1810-1830)
2. [illegible], [illegible] (1830-1852)
3. [illegible], [illegible] (1852-1880)
4. [illegible], [illegible] (1880-1907)
5. [illegible], [illegible] (1907-1931)
6. [illegible], [illegible] (1931-1954)
7. [illegible], [illegible] (1954-1978)
8. [illegible], [illegible] (1978-2002)
9. [illegible], [illegible] (2002-2026)
10. [illegible], [illegible] (2026-2050)
11. [illegible], [illegible] (2050-2074)
12. [illegible], [illegible] (2074-2098)

13. Patience, b. 4-4-1679
14. Charity, born 8-2-1681; married Garet Garrison
15. A daughter, b. 9-10-1682
16. John, born 5-3-1684; married Anne Garretson
17. Content, b. 10-29-1685; married Henry Land.

It will be noted that often, when a child in a family died young, another child, born later, was given the same name.

In Savage, New England Families, it is recorded that John Hussey had fourteen daughters. The children born after he left New England are not mentioned. However, Delaware and Pennsylvania records give these foregoing later children.

In the will records at Dover, Delaware, there is a copy of John's will, in which bequests are made to his sons, John, Christopher and Jedidah and to his daughters Rebecca, wife of Samuel Collins, Mary, wife of Moses Swett, Ann, wife of James Stevegan, Susannah, widow of Richard Otis, Bathsheba, wife of Thomas Babb, Charity, wife of Garet Garretson and Content, wife of Henry Land. Son, John Hussey, was executor.

Authority for much of above is found in "Allied Families of Massachusetts," by John Austin Osborne.

John II, son of John I and Rebecca Hussey, lived in Newcastle, Dela. He was born 5-3-1684. He married Anne Garretson of a Quaker family, of which other members had also intermarried with the Hussey family. In a will, made April 19, 1733, which I found at Dover, Dela., in the archives and copied, he made the following provisions: One-third of his estate he leaves to his wife, Anne; to son Stephen, 5 shillings; to son Nathan, land and dwelling, also 20 acres of marsh land, formerly belonging to Christopher Hussey, deceased, also five shillings; to son Christopher Hussey, forty pounds when he becomes 21. To daughter Mary, five pounds; to daughter Anna, at 21, five pounds; to Theodate, at 21, five pounds; to Content, five pounds, at 21; all rest to John Hussey, son. Wife Anne and son John to be executor and executrix. Brother-in-law, Garret Garretson, trustee. Witnesses: Eliakim Garretson, Mary Willey, Benjamin Sweatt. The children of John Hussey II were: Sons: Stephen, Christopher and John and Nathan. Daughters: Mary, Anna, Theodate and Content.

John Hussey III, son of John Hussey and Anne Garretson Hussey, was twice married: first, to Jane Penrose, and second, to Betty_____. (I have never been able to find her surname, A.H.G.) Neither of these marriages was recorded in Friends' Meetings, as neither wife was of Quaker birth. The following acknowledgment was made to the monthly meeting of Warrington, under date of 5-6-1749:

"Friends:

I was educated among Friends, but for want of giving due heed to the principles of truth in my heart, I, about sixteen years ago, let out my affections after a woman, not of our Society and married her by a priest, contrary to good order among us, which I condemn and beg you may pass by and

hope, through Divine assistance, that I shall be more careful of my ways in future.

Signed, John Hussey."

And again in the Monthly Meeting, 15-4th month, 1751.

"Dear Friends I acknowledge I have done amiss and have gone astray, contrary to truth in that I went and married to one not of our profession by a priest, for which I am sorry and have freely given this that the truth may go cleared, and I desire to be under Friends' care.

Signed, John Hussey."

John III, then married, about 1723, to Jane Penrose and to Elizabeth, or Betty, in 1749. Elizabeth was admitted to membership 10-21-1752. The children of John III and Jane Penrose were:

Riccord,
Jedidah,
John,
Mary.

Children of John III and Betty, his second wife, were:

Margot, b. 1-7-1751
Nathan, b. 7-16-1755
George, b. 3-9-1758
Elizabeth, or Betty, b. 11-3-1759

These names are recorded in the old Bible, in possession of my family and a copy of the page will be given later in this narrative. The same records of such birth are found in various places in Friends' archives, such as, Warrington, M.M. Vol. 830, p. 48, which I have consulted and verified in Baltimore and Philadelphia to be sure they are correct and correspond to my own data.

The will of John Hussey III, of Newberry Township, York Co., Pennsylvania, was made in 1767 and probated 1-29-1777. It gives property to "my daughter, Mary Updegraff; to my son, Riccord Hussey; and I give to my son Jedidah and bequeath to my son John Hussey of North Carolina 100 pounds, lawful money." The will continues, "To my daughter, Margot Hussey, to my daughter, Elizabeth Hussey," various properties and "all the residue and remainder to my two sons, Nathan Hussey and George Hussey, when they shall have become of age," showing the will was made when children of second marriage were minors. The records of York Co. and the Friends are full of references to these and other children. Some of these are given, taken at random from archives of Kennett and Warrington Monthly Meetings, now to be found in the Genealogical Library in Philadelphia.

Rebecca Hussey, daughter of Jedidah of Newcastle town, married Stephen Lewis, 1726-9-10.

Nathan Hussey, of Newcastle Hundred, married Anne Garretson, 1728-3-16.

Ann Hussey, daughter of John Hussey of Newcastle Hundred, married John Day, 1730-9-11.

Content Hussey, late of Hockeson, married John Garretson, 1736-9-5.

Christopher Hussey of Hockeson, on 1736-9-5, married Anne Garretson.

hope, whereon Divine assistance, that I shall be more careful of my ways in future.

Signed, John Bacon."

And Bacon in the Society meeting, 18-ten month, 1781.

"Dear Friends I acknowledge I have done things the Lord does not like, contrary to truth in that I went and married to one not of our profession, & priest, for which I am sorry and have freely given them my disunity, and desire to be under Friend's care.

Signed, [illegible] Tracey."

John III, [illegible] married, about 1793, to Jane Pearce and [illegible] of [illegible], in 1794. [illegible] was admitted to membership 10-21-1792. The children of John III and Jane Pearce were:

[illegible]
[illegible]
John,
Mary.

Children of John III and Mary, his second wife, were:

[illegible], 1-1-1781
[illegible], 7-13-1786
[illegible], 3-4-1790
[illegible], or Esther, b. 11-1-1793

[illegible] were recorded in the old Bible, it was needed of to [illegible] copy of the date will be given later in this narrative. The [illegible] of [illegible] were found in records [illegible] Friends in [illegible] Meeting, [illegible] Penna. Vol. xxv, p. 44, Bacon I have consulted and [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] one of them.

[illegible] of John Tracey III, of Tredyffrin, [illegible] Co., [illegible] married, was born in 1767 and [illegible] 1-4-1777. [illegible] [illegible] Chester, [illegible] of Joseph, of [illegible] Tracey and [illegible] 1 give [illegible] [illegible] and bequeath to my dear wife Sarah Tracey [illegible] [illegible] during [illegible]. " The will continues, "To my daughter, Sarah Nunez, to my daughter, Rebecca Tracey," various [illegible] and "all the residue and remainder [illegible] rose," Captain Nunez [illegible] Europe [illegible], when they would have [illegible] of age," showing [illegible] was made when children of second marriage were [illegible]. The records of York Co. and the Friends are full of references to Tracys and their affairs. [illegible] of these are given, [illegible] from [illegible] of Friends in Philadelphia. [illegible] found in [illegible] Library in Philadelphia.

[illegible] Tracey, daughter of Jedidah of [illegible] [illegible], married Stephen Lewis, 1774--1?.

[illegible] Ann, [illegible] Tracey, married John Harrison, 1?76-1?.
Ann [illegible], [illegible] of Joseph, married John Harrison, 1?76-1?.
Charles [illegible] Tracey of [illegible] Co., on 1?90-?, married Anne Parmele,

Mary Hussey requested certificate to Warrington, 1-14-1793.

Abstracts from Warrington Monthly Meeting, Vol. 830, p. 51:

Record Hussey, son of John Hussey of Newberry and Miriam Harry, married 1756. Elizabeth Hussey requests to be received into membership, which request is granted 11-18-1752. (This is the Betty of our record, who was the second wife of John Hussey III, and the mother of George, Nathan, Margot and Betty, or Elizabeth. A.H.G.) P. 21 of abstracts, Warrington M.M.

John Hussey produced certificate from Newark, dated 7-21-1749, also acknowledged marriage by a priest to one not a member 4-15-175_(?).

Acknowledgement presented by Benjamin Swett.

Nathan Hussey, Jr., of Newberry, to be married to Susannah Heald, makes intention known, 2-15-1749.

From Menallen, Gunpowder, Newberry and Warrington records:

2-16-1793 York Monthly Meeting certificate signed for Jedidah Hussey to go to New Garden, N.C. Unmarried.

11-8-1787 certificate for Christopher Hussey, being removed, frequently attended on religious meetings-clear of debt and marriage engagements, 9-5-1787, requests certificate to Fairfax Meeting.

Abstracts of Warrington M.M., Vol. 830, p. 48, also record:

Deaths: Anne, wife of Jedidah Hussey, daughter of William and Anna Vale, died_____.

Certificate asked for John Hussey, Jr., to remove to New Garden, N.C., 9-17-1759.

(This is the John, son of John Hussey III and Jane Penrose and mentioned in will as "my son John of North Carolina") This John fought in the Revolution and his record is to be found in Revolutionary Archives of N.C. His line is to be given later in this narrative.

Certificate asked for Christopher Hussey and family to remove to New Garden, N.C.

Relevant to the certificate to remove to North Carolina, it should be known that it was a custom of the earlier Friends to make settlements in various places. Many of these settlements were named New Garden. One New Garden was established in Guildford, Co., N.C., and there John, Jr., Christopher and family and Jedidah migrated. Christopher later returned, after death of wife, to Pennsylvania, as did Jedidah, but John remained and enlisted as a musician in Rev. Army.

The Department of Internal Affairs of Harrisburg, Pa., notes a warrant, 3-20-1744, for 150 acres of land, situate in Newberry and Manchester townships, York Co., and patents to Jedidah and Record Hussey, sons of John Hussey, 2-23-1773. Patent recorded in H.A., Vol. 13, p. 405.

The following records from Menallen Monthly Meetings, near Warrington M.M., Pennsylvania, pp. 1,11,20,33:

Children of Riccardo and Miriam Harry Hussey, married 6-9-1756:
Lydia, b. 3-27-1757, married Jack Griffith, 4-15-1778
Rebecca, b. 5-4-1758, married Joseph Griest, 7-21-1785
Hannah, b. 10-31-1759
Hesse, b. 12-4-1761, died 1762
Amos, b. 3-15-1763
Ruth, b. 4-1-1765, married Mordecai Matthews, 12-15-1788
John, b. 11-12-1767, died 1768
Miriam, b. 12-25-1769
Mary, b. 4-16-1773, married Elisha Hunt, 1806
Sussannah, died young
Editha, b. 1-1-1777

Children of Jedidah, son of John and Jane Penrose Hussey, married 5-3-1764:
Mary, b. 3-31-1765
Christopher, b. 7-28-1767, married Lydia Grubb of Philadelphia, 1796
John, b. 4-28-1769, married Mary McCloud
Ann, b. 5-27-1771
Hannah, b. 4-27-1775, married _____ Mcmillan, died 1828
Jedidah, b. 2-7-1776, married Ann Vale, died 1819
Nathan, b. 8-11-1778, died 3-18-1828, unmarried
Jane, b. 8-13-1781, married Jonathan MacMillan
Lydia, b. 1-21-1786, married Thomas Wherry

Children of John and Betty Hussey, married 1749:
Margaret Hussey, b. 1-7-1751
Nathan, b. 7-16-1755, died 1-20-1814
George, b. 3-9-1758, married first Rachel Hayward, second Grace Cowpland McDermid
Betty, b. 11-3-1759, married Daniel Price 12-17-1783

From records in D.A.R. Library in Washington, D.C., I find:

John Hussey (IV) came to North Carolina from Pennsylvania about 1765; died February 7, 1781; married Mary Jessup, b. 12-5-1740. Their children:

Twins:
Thomas, b. 6-21-1767
John, b. 6-21-1767, died 3-17-1816

Twins:
Sarah, b. 9-2-1769
Jedidah, b. 9-2-1769

Lydia, b. 7-28-1771
Mary, b. 7-19-1773
Christopher, b. 7-14-1774, died 7-17-1775
Stephen, b. 6-16-1776, married Rebecca Brown, who died Sept. 1867
Rebecca, b. 9-12-1778
Ann, b. 6-4-1781
Joseph, b. 6-4-1781

This N. Carolina branch I shall not carry further, as it is not our direct branch.

Christopher, son of Jedidah Hussey and Jane Penrose, was born 7-28-1767; and married Lydia Grubb in 1796. They had ten children:

Mary Ann, b. 1797, married William Patterson
John C., b. 1799
Penrose, b. 1800, married Susan Wood
Curtis Charles Grubb, b. 8-11-1802
Asahel, b. 1804
Eliza, b. 1808, married _____ McPherson
Hannah G., b. 1810, married John Pettit
Jane R., born 1812, married William Pettit
Hester G., b. 1814, married _____ Terrill
Joseph G., b. 1817, married Mary Potter

Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography, Vol. III, 1900 says: "Hussey, Curtis Grubb, manufacturer, born near York, Pa., 1892. Descendant of Christopher Hussey, etc. Went to Ohio as a child; practiced medicine at Mt. Pleasant, Ohio and later in Morgan Co., Indiana; member of Indiana legislature 1829, declined re-election. In 1848 explored Lake Superior copper region and with others formed Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Co. Owner of Pittsburgh Copper and Brass Rolling Mills, maker of crucible steel. Of firm of Hussey, Howe and Co. of Pittsburgh. Was one of the founders of the Allegheny Observatory, and of the School of Design for Women at Pittsburgh."

He married Rebecca Updegraff, in 1839; their children:

Christopher Curtis, married Harriet Byram
Anna M., b. 7-16-18 (?), married Edward Binn
James E., b. 2-28-1849, died 11-10-1851
Mary L., b. 2-28-1849, married Alex. Guthrie
Emma H., b. 7-30-1852, married Edward Alsop
Mabel Gordon, married Dr. Turnbull

These lines I shall not carry further, but go on to that of George Hussey, son of John III and of Betty, his wife, of my own direct line. George, b. March 9, 1758, lived the greater part of his life in Baltimore, Md. and was prominent in the affairs of his time. At one time he operated "Whestfield Inn there, later known as Howard House. The old family Bible carries the account of his children and much is to be found in Baltimore City records and in the archives of the old Friends' Church in Baltimore. These latter records are very carefully preserved in the basement of the church and are only accessible at certain times and then only in the company of a custodian, as they are most valuable. I was enabled to use them and searched through journals and minutes of the church, spending considerable time there. I found much of interest to family history and copied many of them. I here refer to only a few and have made no attempt to incorporate them in my narrative, using them only as items of interest. One reads: "At a monthly meeting, held at Baltimore the 22nd day of the second month, the following Friends are appointed to endeavor for a suitable school for Friends' children and such others as may be willing to

conform thereto and have the oversight of the same when obtained, viz. John McKim, Elias Ellicott, Joseph Townsend, John E. Rees, George Hussey and David Brown."

George first married Rachel Hayward, the daughter of William Hayward, an elder in the Friends' Church, in October, 1780. Rachel was born 8-19-1758, died 1799-8-3. This marriage was the subject to church discipline, as the following notes from Gunpowder Meeting, held 24th day of second month, 1781, attests. Minute Book B., pp. 276, 279, 280, 283. P. 276: "This meeting is informed that George Hussey and Rachel Hayward hath sometime since been married by a Priest. We appoint John Mason and John Wilson, Jr., in company with the women Friends to draw the testimony against them and produce to the next Monthly Meeting, 31-3-1781." P. 279: "One of the Friends appointed to draw some lines in order to testifie against the conduct of George and Rachel Hayward Hussey hath complyed therewith, which is put in the hands of Jacob Johnson in order to read it at the close of a publick meeting at Baltimore if they do not decline to appeal; acquaint them with that privilege and serve them with a copy of it if they desire and return said paper to our next Monthly Meeting." P. 280: "M.M. Gunpowder, 28-4-1781, The testimony against George and Rachel Hussey has been read, but not returned, so is left till next meeting." P. 283, 5-26-1781: "The testimony against George and Rachel Hussey is now returned, read, and ordered recorded." Book C., p. 51, MM held at Baltimore 27-5 mo, 1786. "George Hussey and Rachel, his wife, with the approbation of the Baltimore Preparative Meeting, attended Gunpowder M.M., with a testimony condemning their conduct, for which they were testified against some considerable time ago, which being under consideration, is received with satisfaction and they are received into membership. Both had their birth and education among the people called Quakers."

Baltimore M.M. Book A, 1792 and 1800, page 8. List of members of Baltimore Preparative meeting: George Hussey, Rachel Hussey, his wife, and their six children, Joseph Hussey, George Hussey, Rachel Hussey, William Hussey, Rebecca Hussey and Ennion Hussey.

From the Hussey family Bible I give the following as records:

6th mo. 15, 1781, Joseph Hussey was born
9th mo. 1782, John Hussey was born
John Hussey departed this life 27th 4 mo., 1783
2nd mo, 13th, 1784, George Hussey was born
Rachel Hussey, I, departed this life the 27th, 11 mo., 1785
10th mo. 23, 1786, Rachel Hussey, II, was born
9th mo. 9th, 1788, William Hussey was born
9th mo. 9th, 1790, Rebekah Hussey was born
20th 5th mo. 1792, Ennion Hussey was born
22nd, 3 mo., 1794, Isaac Hussey was born
10th mo 25th, 1796, Hannah Hussey was born
(By second marriage):
7th mo 30th, 1800, Cowpland Hussey was born, at 20 minutes after 12 in the morning
9th mo. 8th, 1804, Asahel Hussey was born, at 2 o'clock in the morning

Then there is another record, with some variance of dates:

Grace Cowpland was born 11-25-1759
George Hussey was born 3-24-1758
Joseph Hussey was born 1781
George Hussey was born 3-24-1784
Rachel Hussey (I), was born 10-19-1785, d. 11-22-1785
Rachel Hussey (II) was born 10-29-1786
William Hussey was born 7-12-1788
Rebecca Hussey was born 9-9-1790
Ennion Hussey was born 1792
Isaac Hussey was born 1794
Hannah Hussey was born 10-2-1796

Rachel Hayward, whom I married in 1780, was born Aug. 19, 1758
Grace Cowpland, whom I married in 1799, was born Nov. 25, 1759

Cowpland Hussey was born 7-30-1800
Asahel Hussey was born 8-6-1804
John Hussey was born 8-15-1806 at ___ o'clock, second day of week

George Hussey's second wife was Grace Cowpland McDermitt (also spelled McDermid). She was a divorced woman and George was the subject of church discipline, as marriages of divorced persons were not tolerated by the Friends. The last three children, above, were by her.

In another Bible, owned by the descendants of Grace Cowpland McDermitt Hussey is found:

Jonathan McDermitt, born 5-17-1787
Robert McDermitt, born 7-11-1789
Grace McDermitt, born 2-14-1794
Sarah McDermitt, born 7-11-1797

(These two younger children were respectively five and two years old when their mother married George Hussey and were later adopted by him, A.H.G.)

Deaths:
John Hussey, d. 4-27-1783
Rachel Hussey, d. 11-7-1785
Cowpland Hussey, d. 8-15-1801
George Hussey, d. 2-24-1819
Robert McDermitt, d. 3-12-1812
Rachel McDermitt, d. 7-11-1826
Marriages:
Grace Cowpland, b. 11-25-1759, George Hussey, b. 3-4-1758, married in the year 1799;
Elmer Hewitt, b. 2-23-1797, Grace McDermitt, b. 2-14-1794, were married in 1817, and Grace Hewitt died October 1878, aged 84 years.

Nathan Hussey, died 1800, killed by a fall from a roof. He married Miriam_____? Their son John was born 2-23-1797 and was later adopted by a

family named Hewitt, and his name was changed to Elmer Hewitt. He married Grace McDermitt, who was the adopted child of George Hussey and daughter of Captain Robert McDermid, or McDermitt, who was divorced from Grace Cowpland, who later married George Hussey.

George Hussey made a codicil to his will the day before he died, in February, 1819. It provided, as given in Book 10, of will records, p. 283, Beltimore, that his daughters Grace and Sally should be left equal amounts with his other children, share and share alike. Signed by witnesses Joseph Townsend, John Fisher and Asahel Hussey. Another document, filed with will of George Hussey, reads: "This is to certify that I assign all my right and legality as executor to the estate of my late husband, George Hussey, Sr., to Joseph Hussey and William Hussey, Signed Grace Hussey."

On page 250 of Minutes of Baltimore M.M., under date of 2-13-1800, is found: "Baltimore Preparative Meeting brings complaint against George Hussey for having his marriage accomplished by the assistance of a hireling priest to a divorced woman, etc. Elisha Tyson and James Gillingham are appointed to lay the inconsistency of his conduct before him and report to next meeting."

Pursuant to this complaint it seems George could not justify his conduct and accordingly was dropped from membership of the Friends, as further records show.

The children of Elmer Hewitt (born as John Hussey) and of Grace McDermitt were the following:

George Hewitt, who settled in Norfolk, Va.
Elmer Hewitt, of Baltimore and afterwards of Maysville, Missouri
Miriam Grace Hewitt, married Lott Andrews Brook Pritchett, who settled on the eastern shore of Maryland in 1848
Mary Hewitt
Francis Hewitt

Miriam Hewitt Pritchett had a daughter, Bessie Brooks Pritchett, who married Isiah Hugh Hanna, 4-13-1880. Their children were:

Arthur Brooks Hanna
Bessie Brooks Cowpland Hanna

Bessie Brooks Pritchett had compiled much of the data of the Hussey Family in a manuscript form, unpublished, now in the Genealogical Library in the New York Public Library.

I have given this later line, discovered largely because of my curiosity, for when searching the ancestor books of the D.A.R. and Daughters of the American Colonists, I wondered why the above Pritchett line was traced to the Hussey line, as it was only through Elmer Hewitt I was interested in tracing our line.

Joseph Hussey, the oldest son of George and Rachel Hayward Hussey, was born in Baltimore 6-15-1781. He married Ellen Simons, daughter of Evan

Simons and Elizabeth Simons. Elizabeth Simons was born 4-22-1759 and died Dec. 10, 1815, as recorded in old Bible. Evan Simons was born (date not found). Their daughter, Ellen Simons, was born in 1794 and died 3-20-1830, aged 36 years, and was married to Joseph Hussey, Jan. 28, 1813.

I have tried to trace the family line of Ellen Simons, but can find no authentic records. A number of Simmons or Simons, of different lines, lived in or near Baltimore. I found the will of a Richard Simmons of Kent Co., Md., made 1-17-1739, probated 11-5-1743. Another Simmons was a lawyer, firm of Swain, Abell and Simmons; and a Simons published a daily penny paper, the Times, which was published in Philadelphia, afterward becoming the Public Ledger and later the Daily Sun. Jonathan Simons had a wife Elizabeth, and their sons, Jonathan, Joseph and Richard and their daughters, Eliza, Mary, Ann, Sara and Marjorie.

This name is generally understood to be a derivation of the name Simon, a Christian name introduced into England by the Norman conquest. Becoming of itself a surname it became the parent of many others, variously spelled, such as Sims, Simes, Simpson, also Symonds, Symondson, Sym, Simond and Simmons. There are at least a dozen other variations. One John Simmons came to America about 1746. He was born in Scotland about 1712. Came first to Philadelphia and moved later to Edward Co., Va.; was a Revolutionary soldier and had twenty sons.

Ellen was not of the Friends Society, being probably an episcopalian, as were most those of her name in Baltimore, because the minutes of old Friends Church in Baltimore show complaint against Joseph Hussey that he was married contrary to the orders of his church; was dealt with and declined to appeal.

The children of Joseph Hussey and Ellen Simons Hussey, all born in Baltimore, Md., were:

1. Edward Simons Hussey, b. 1-8-1814, died 7-11-1887, at Brazil, Indiana; married Eliza Rosencranz, while residing in Carlisle, Indiana, September 17th, 1835. (See Rosencranz line appended) Eliza Rosencranz Hussey was born in Pennsylvania, Oct. 14, 1816, moved with her parents, John and Sara Mullenix Rosencranz, to Terre Haute, Indiana, in 1820, and she died March 23, 1880, at Brazil, Indiana. Her father was of an old Dutch lineage and her mother of French descent.

2. Joseph Hussey, born 3-20-1816. He disappeared about 1850 and was supposed to have gone with "gold rush" to California. Nothing more was ever heard from him.

3. James, born 3-28-1818, died 9-2-1819.

4. Elizabeth Ann, born 12-14-1820, died Nov. 28, 1891; married April ___, 1836, Jesse Lee, son of John Lee of Virginia, who was the son of Jesse Lee, a missionary, born in Prince George Co., Virginia 3-12-1758 and who went to North Carolina, entered the ministry of Methodist Church and preached first sermon in 1779. Was a Chaplain in Rev. Army, Army Bishop

in Salisbury Circuit, went to Boston and preached on Common 1790; was Chaplain of House of Representatives 1807, 1812, 1813 and 1814 was Chaplain of Senate. Wrote much on Methodism. Rev. Appleton's Cyclopedia of Amer. Biog., Vol. III, 1900.

Jesse Lee, husband of Elizabeth Ann Hussey, was born Nov. 18, 1813 and died June 26, 1893. He came to Vigo County, Ind., April 7, 1832. There was one son of this union who lived beyond infancy, Alonzo. Alonzo had three children, Anna, who married Charles Whissen; Jesse, born in 1870 and further definite knowledge of him is lost; Harry, who died in infancy. All are now dead and are believed to have left no issue.

Joseph and Ellen Simmons Hussey's other three children were:

5 & 6 Twins:
Margaret Olivia, b. 3-3-1823, d. 8-19-1892
George Washington, b. 3-3-1823, d. 2-2-1825

Margaret never married, was a woman of strong character and was head of several relief societies in Terre Haute, Indiana, a Trustee of Rose Home for Aged, etc.

7. Francis Marion, b. 12-7-1826, d. 8-3-1827

A verbatim copy of a page of another old Bible, 1810 edition, belonging to George Hussey of Baltimore, is herewith set out.

Deaths:

Elizabeth Simons, wife of Evan Simons and mother of Ellen Hussey, departed this life Sunday evening, 10th of December, 1815, aged 56 years, 7 mo. and 22 days.

James Hussey, son of Jos. and Ellen Hussey, departed this life the 2nd day of September, 1819, aged 1 yr. 6 mo.

George Washington Hussey, son of Jos. and Ellen Hussey departed this life the 2nd day of February, 1825, aged 1 yr. & 11 mo.

Frances Marion Hussey, son of Jos. and Ellen Hussey, departed this life the 3rd day of August, 1827, aged 8 months and four days olde.

Ellen Hussey, wife of Joseph Hussey died 20th March, 1830, aged 36 years.

Susan Plummer, died 11th day of Feb. 1839, aged 42 years.

Joseph Hussey, Sr., died March 1840, aged fifty nine years, 8 months & 13 days.

Who Susan Plummer was I do not know. This is the only mention of her name; probably a servant.

On the reverse side of a loose leaf in Bible I find this record of a journey. How it was made, I do not know, nor for what purpose; but I think it was probably to a Friends' Monthly meeting and by horseback. The distances are approximately correct.

July 27, 178_(?) Left Baltimore	
from Baltimore to Frederick Town	60 miles
Frederick to Swingler's mill	38 miles
from Swingler's Mill to the Warm Springs	30 miles
from the Warm Springs to Hagers Town	36 miles
from Hagers Town to Frederick Town	30 miles
from Frederick to McColenter's town*	25 miles (*may be farm)
from McColenter's to Warrington Meeting House	20 miles
from Warrington to York	13 miles
from York to Baltimore	60 miles (perhaps 80 miles)
	312

It will be noted there are two named Jane Penrose, in data given, and several named Anne Garrettson. This is doubtless because the families of Friends so often gave the same name to various members of a family and the communities were rather isolated and married and intermarried within their own groups. Note the several Lucia's in our own intermediate families; eight of them named for and including the first Lucia E. Hussey Knight. In several instances the same name was given to two children of same parents, when one child died young.

Joseph Hussey with his younger brother George and their families left Baltimore, Md. and went to Terre Haute, Indiana, September 15, 1829 and established a tanning business there. They moved to Carlisle, Ind. and then back to Terre Haute to live.

George Hussey, son of George and Rachel Hayward Hussey, was born Feb. 13, 1784, married Mary Brockway, and settled in Indiana, 1829. Their Children were:

1. Preston, lived in Terre Haute and was a banker, had two children Florence and Warren.
2. Warren, moved to Salt Lake, Utah.
3. Brockway, died in infancy.
4. Ann, married ?; died young.
5. Tacitus, born 1832, moved to Des Moines, Iowa, in 1855 and became one of the leading men of that state. He was a writer and composed the song "Iowa, Beautiful Land," which became the State Song. He was an enthusiastic archer and held many civic offices. He married Jennie Clement in 1859, and died in 1902. Was known as Iowa's Grand Old Man.
6. Richard, settled in Littleton, Colo., and further history not known.
7. Hyatt, settled in Salt Lake City, and further history not known.

Of the other children of George Hussey, Sr. and Rachel Hayward and

[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles (many [illegible])
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles
[illegible]	[illegible] miles ([illegible] miles)

of George Hussey and Grace McDermid Hussey of Baltimore, who remained in that city, I have no knowledge, and am here mainly concerned with my direct line, through Joseph Hussey.

Joseph's oldest son, Edward Simons Hussey, who was my grandfather and was born, as I have stated before in Baltimore, and in 1829 went to Indiana, where all his children were born, in Carlisle, Indiana, where he resided a number of years. He operated the old National Hotel in Terre Haute, 1852 to 1856, when he moved to Brazil, Indiana, where he served many years as post-master and died there, as stated above.

Edward Simons Hussey and Eliza Rosencranz Hussey had ten children, of whom all but four died in infancy, or early childhood. They were as follows:

1. Margaret Ellen, b. Oct. 19, 1836; d. Dec. 24, 1837
2. Ellen Eliza, b. Sept. 17, 1838; d. Dec. 24, 1849
3. Sarah, b. July 11, 1840; d. July 11, 1840
4. Edward Henry, b. Aug. 10, 1841, d. Nov. 15, 1918, (below)
5. Lucia Elizabeth, b. Apr. 8, 1843; d. Dec. 21, 1892, (below)
6. William Goodale, b. Feb. 10, 1845; d. May 18, 1861
7. Grace Lee (1), b. Dec. 5, 1846; d. Aug. 14, 1847
8. Joseph Lee, b. June 10, 1848; d. Jan. 3, 1938, (below)
9. Grace Lee (2), b. Sept. 13, 1850, d. June 5, 1851
10. John Barr, b. March 25, 1852, d. Sept. 25, 1926, (below)

The descendants of the foregoing four children who reached maturity now follow:

Edward Henry Hussey, b. Aug. 10, 1841, died Nov. 15, 1918, at Eau Claire, Wis. Married Aug. 28, 1861, Mary Augusta Bassett, daughter of William and Mary Truesdale Bassett. She was born May 19, 1841, at Canfield, Ohio; was a graduate of Oxford Female College, Oxford, Ohio, which was then the leading women's college in the west. She was a literary and philanthropic worker, a teacher, a writer of ability, including a book of poems, one of the founders of Brazil Public Library and Ladies Literary Society, and helped every worthy cause in the community. She died July 15, 1898, at Brazil, Indiana. (See Truesdale line, appended) Their children were:

1. William, born 1862; d. 1863
2. Edith Mary, b. Dec. 23, 1866.
3. Amelia (Amy E., born Dec. 14, 1869; d. Aug. 14, 1946; married June 1, 1901, Albert Foster Graham, who died 1901, and was son of Nathaniel and Mary Foster Graham. No issue.
4. Lucia A., born Dec. 22, 1871
5. Helen Elizabeth, b. Jan. 16, 1873; married July 27, 1894, Harry L. Fish, son of Seth and Estelle Dean Smith, b. March 6, 1865, d. 7-30-1935, at Eau Claire, Wis.

The children of Harry L. and Helen Hussey Fish:

1. Edward Seth Fish, born 4-24-1895; married Esther Rusten, on March 1, 1916. They had two children.

2. Ralph Truesdale Fish, b. Oct. 6, 1896; d. June 30, 1913.

3. Laurence Harry Fish, b. 8-1-1898; d. 1945; married Mae Rosback on _____. They had two children.

4. Theodore Fish, b. July 9, 1901; married (1) Borghild Olsen; married (2) Elizabeth Wyatt, on _____. They had one child.

5. Mary Lucia Fish, b. 4-11-1905; married Charles Dyar, on 6-2-1928; d. 9-1-1930 in Paris, France. No issue.

Mary Lucia Fish Dyar studied under Jean DeReske in Italy and France, was engaged to sing in Metropolitan Opera at time of death. Her stage name was Lucia Marcia and was said by highest critics of her time to have had voice very like and as fine as Jenny Lind's. She sang before crowned heads of Europe, in concerts at Prague, Vienna and Belgrade, and in Opera Comique in Paris, and at Washington, D.C.

The Knight Family in America
(the Paternal Line of George A. Knight,
husband of Lucia E. Hussey Knight)

The marriage of Lucia E. Hussey, May 13, 1862, to George Armstrong Knight, who was born May 7, 1840 at Mt. Sterling (now Hopewell), Ohio, and died Dec. 27, 1911 at Brazil, Indiana, united those two old American family lines.

Like the Hussey line, the Knight line originated in England, residing mainly in Gloucestershire, and several were prominent there in their time. John Knight I was father of Edward Knight, who was a cloth merchant of Rodburgh during reign of King James I. His son was Sir John Knight II, who served as mayor of Bristol, England, and whose son, Sir Giles Knight, was born in Nailsworth, Gloucestershire, England, in 1653. He married on Feb. 24, 1679, in England, Mary English, whose father, Joseph English, was a man of means and a member of the new Society of Friends, founded by George Fox. Giles Knight dropped his title when he joined the Friends. His second son had died in infancy, and in 1682, Giles, with his wife and first son, Joseph, sailed on the Welcome, with William Penn, for America, landing Oct. 24, 1682, in Delaware Bay, in what became the Province of Pennsylvania. He brought along an old musket, which is still held by the present generation. Joseph English followed and acquired large land holdings in Burks Co., which he later divided between his son Henry and his son-in-law Giles Knight. Giles and family settled in what is now Bucks County, on Poquessing Creek, near the Delaware River and he became a leader in the community. He died there Aug. 20, 1726, and his wife on July 24, 1732, age 77. They had twelve children, the last ten born in Bucks Co., Pennsylvania.

Daniel Knight, the fifth son of Giles and Mary, was born in Bucks Co. in 1697 and died there in 1782. He was thrice married. In 1728 he married his second wife, Esther Walton, and they had six children.

The children of Terry L. and Helen Hosmer Fisk:

1. Edward Hosmer Fisk, born 1-24-1885; married Esther Easton, on [illegible] 5, 1910. They had two children.

2. Ralph [illegible] Fisk, b. Oct. [illegible], 1886; d. June 30, 1913.

3. Lawrence Terry Fisk, b. 3-1-1890; d. 1915; married Rose [illegible] on ______. They had two children.

4. Theodore Fisk, b. July [illegible], 1891; married (1) [illegible]; married (2) Elizabeth [illegible], on ______. They had one child.

5. Mary Lucia Fisk, b. 4-11-1897; married Charles Dyar, on [illegible]-1925; d. 3-1-1970 in Paris, France. No issue.

Mary Lucia Fisk Dyar studied under Jean de Reszke in Italy and France, was engaged to sing in Metropolitan Opera at time of death. Her stage name was Lucia [illegible] and was rated by critics of her time to have had voice very like that of [illegible]. She sang before crowned heads of Europe, in concerts in [illegible], Vienna and Budapest, and in Opera Comique in Paris, and in Boston, Mass.

The Knight Family in America
(The Paternal Line of George A. Knight,
husband of Lucia L. Hussey Knight)

The marriage of Lucia L. Hussey, May 13, 1862, to George Armstrong Knight, who was born May 7, 1840 at Mt. Sterling (now [illegible]), Ohio, and died Dec. 27, 1911 at Brazil, Indiana, united these two old American family lines.

Like the Hussey line, the Knight line originated in England, residing mainly in Gloucestershire, and several were prominent there in their time. John Knight I was father of Edward Knight, who was a cloth merchant of [illegible], [illegible] in the reign of King James I. [illegible] Knight II, [illegible] mayor of Bristol, England, and whose son, Sir Giles Knight, was born at [illegible], Gloucestershire, England, in 1652. He married on Oct. 24, 1677, in England, Mary [illegible], whose father, [illegible], was a man of means and a member of the Society of Friends, founded by George Fox. Giles Knight followed his wife and joined the Friends. His second son had died in infancy, and in 1682, Giles, with his wife and first son, Joseph, sailed on the Welcome, with William Penn, for America, landing Oct. 27, 1682, in Delaware Bay, in what became the province of Pennsylvania. He bought [illegible], which is still held by the present generation. Joseph Knight followed [illegible] and [illegible] large land holdings in Bucks Co., which he later divided between his [illegible] and his son-in-law [illegible] Knight. Giles and Mary [illegible] county, [illegible] Delaware [illegible] and he became a leader in the community. He died Aug. 23, 1726, and his wife [illegible] May 31, 1732, was 77. They had [illegible] children; the eldest was born in England, [illegible].

Daniel Knight, the fifth son of Giles and Mary, was born in Bucks Co. in 1697 and died there in 1760. He was [illegible] married. In 1723 he married his second wife, [illegible], and they had six children.

William Knight, eldest of such children, was born Sept. 27, 1729 in Bucks Co. and died there in 1782. He married Ann Brown Nov. 8, 1764, and they had four children.

Daniel Knight II, eldest son of William, was born July 24, 1769 in Bucks Co. On Dec. 31, 1801 he married Elizabeth Moland (earlier spelled Morland), a daughter of Dr. William Moland, a surgeon in Revolutionary Army. The Morland branch also came from England. John Morland, Jr., born in London 1700, was a lawyer and the first of that line to settle in America, where he became Crown Attorney for King George II and a Provincial Councillor of Pennsylvania, dying there in 1761. The above William was his son. Daniel and Elizabeth had five children, all born in Bucks Co., Penn. They moved to Muskingum Co., Ohio about 1814, where he died Dec. 6, 1817 and his wife on June 17, 1818. The surviving children returned to Bucks Co.

Austin W. Knight, the third son of Daniel and Elizabeth, was born Sept. 5, 1807, in Bucks Co. He attended Jefferson Medical College and became a successful physician and surgeon. On March 4, 1832, he married Achsah Croasdale, b. Oct. 10, 1803 in Bucks Co., daughter of Jonathan and Hannah Croasdale and who was of fifth generation from Ezra Croasdale, who was born June 21, 1655, at Bradford, Yorkshire, England, who came to Bucks Co. in 1683 and died there in 1740, and was also a member of the Friends. He married there in 1687, Anne Peacock, of Yorkshire, England, who died in 1732. The line descended through Ezra, Jr.; Ezra III; Robert; Jonathan; to Achsah, above. In the fall of 1833, Dr. Austin W. Knight, with his wife and eldest child, moved to Muskingum Co., Ohio, where, and in Licking Co., he practiced twenty years and four more children were born. In Oct. 1853, he moved to Clay Co., Indiana, and became a large land owner, founding in 1867 the town of Kinghtsville. In 1857 he moved to Brazil and following a stroke he retired from all practice, except as a consultant, and opened the first general store in that county and operated it successfully for sixteen years; dying Dec. 22, 1877, at Brazil, Indiana. His wife died there May 27, 1887.

Their five children, of whom three survived them, were as follows:

1. Elizabeth Moland, born in Bucks Co., Penn., Apr. 10, 1933; died in Chicago, Ill., July 24, 1919. Married William H. Winegardner Oct. 24, 1850 and had 4 children, all deceased.

2. Prudence Armstrong, born in Ohio, Dec. 28, 1837; died Clay Co., Ind., Aug. 19, 1876. Married William C. Hudson, Oct. 25, 1867 and had 11 children, two now surviving.

3. Malvina Olivia, born in Ohio, July 19, 1834; died Brazil, Ind. May 16, 1854.

4. George Armstrong, born in Ohio, May 7, 1840; died Brazil, Ind., Dec. 27, 1911. Married Lucia E. Hussey, May 13, 1862, and had 5 children, two now surviving.

5. Charles Hildreth, born in Ohio, Nov. 19, 1942; died in Buffalo, N.Y. hospital, Dec. 26, 1915. Married Elizabeth R. Pinckly, Dec. 20, 1866 and had two sons, both deceased.

Only the Knight line, connected with the Hussey line, is here included, although I have the complete lines of all children. My cousin, Edward Hussey Knight, has supplied such line for me, in abridged form from his more detailed account.

George Armstrong Knight, their fourth child and eldest son, was born May 7, 1840, at Mr. Sterling (now Hopewell), Muskingum Co., Ohio, and came to Clay Co., Indiana in October 1853, with his parents. He became a lawyer and was for fifty years a leader of the bar in western Indiana. On May 13, 1862, he married Lucia E. Hussey, of Brazil, Indiana, the daughter of Edward S. and Eliza Hussey, who was born April 8, 1843, at Carlisle, Ind. and died Dec. 21, 1892. She graduated, with class honors, in 1860 at Oxford Female College, Ohio and was one of the founders of Ladies Literary Society at Brazil, in 1878, which still flourishes there.

They had five children, as follows:

1. Grace Louise Knight, born March 5, 1863, married to Wilber Eugene Houpt, of Buffalo, N.Y., on June 19, 1889, who was born March 11, 1856, died May 24, 1935. Graduate of Yale Univ. 1883. Grace Louise died in Paris, France, May 23, 1933. She was gifted as an artist and singer, was a graduate of Oxford Female College, Oxford, Ohio, which was then one of the best and oldest colleges for women in the west. Her mother, aunt and two sisters all alumnae of that institution. Their two children were Lucia M., b. 1890; d. 1925, and George Knight, b. 1894; d. 1918; neither left any issue.

2. Austin Willett Knight, b. October 20, 1864, d. Feb. 3, 1934; married (1) Mary Riley, 1898, b. 1871; d. 1906. (2) Hallie H. Miller 1908, b. 1872, died Aug. ____, 1929. No issue. He was a graduate of Wabash College 1885 and a lawyer in Brazil, Indiana until his death.

3. Helen Eliza Knight, b. Feb. 7, 1869; d. Feb. 26, 1920, at Indianapolis, Ind.; married July 22, 1890 to David Lambert Kahn, born Feb. 18, 1866; died Jan. 7, 1932. Their two children are (1) Florence Helen Simpson, b. Apr. 18, 1891; married William Rooe Simpson May 22, 1922 and they have 3 children, and she has 1 daughter by a former marriage. (2) Katherine Virginia Dickson, b. Aug. 27, 1902; married Ronald C. Dickson, Aug. 27, 1935, no issue.

4. Lucia Malvina Knight, b. Dec. 6, 1870; married Oct. 17, 1894 to George Gordon Kerfoot, of Brazil, Indiana, b. 7-28, 1870, d. Nov. 7, 1948. Their 3 children were: (1) Knight Alexander, stillborn, Dec. 19, 1896; Dorothy Katherine, b. March 6, 1898; married Linn S. Kidd, June 25, 1931; 3 adopted children. (3) Lucia M., b. Dec. 8, 1900; married Otto T. Englehart, June 9, 1917 and have 3 children.

5. Edward Hussey Knight, b. May 26, 1877; married Oct. 7, 1908, to Augusta R. Raible, of Prescott, Arizona, b. May 13, 1883. No issue.

Edward H. Knight is a lawyer, graduate of Wabash College, 1897, and of Yale University 1898 and Ind. law School, 1898 and a resident of Indianapolis,

Ind. He has served as City of Indianapolis Corporation Counsel 1930-1934; 1939-1942; and 1948-1951; besides other official positions.

Children of Edward S. and Eliza Hussey, continued:

Joseph Lee Hussey, son of Edward Simons and Eliza Rosencranz Hussey, born June 10, 1848, died Jan. 3, 1938, in Berkeley, Calif.; on Oct. 1, 1874 married Mary Allen, b. 7-20-1852; d. 3-20-1911. Married (2) Fannie Augusta Berry in 1916; she died 1937. Their children by Mary, were:

1. William Allen Hussey, b. Sept. 19, 1875, married (1)_____, d._____. (2) Married 12-25-1899 to Elsie Taylor, b. 1-23-1880; d._____, 19_____. Issue: Madeline, b. 3-5-1901; d. 4-25-1918.

2. Joseph Condit Hussey, b. Nov. 18, 1878; married (1) Zelie A. Carto 5-12-1890 and she died in 1939. Issue: Zelie Josephine, b. 1-22-1903; Marie Louise, b. 8-25-1904; Charles Edward, b. 11-13-1906; Claire Adele, b. 4-3-1916. His (2) marriage_____. No issue.

3. Charles Edward Hussey, b. 5-13-1880; died 3-2-1894.

4. Frank Lee Hussey, b. 12-12-1886; married 6-27-1909, Margie Harney, b. 8-13-1888. Issue: Ethel, b. 5-11-1910; Helen, b. 3-8-1915.

Joseph Lee Hussey enlisted in the armed forces at 16 years, one of the youngest men in the Union Army. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, prominent in the San Francisco chapter, was one of the three surviving members at the time of his death.

John Barr Hussey, son of Edward S. and Eliza Hussey, b. March 25, 1852, d. Sept. 25, 1926 in Berkeley, Calif. Married Minnie Wallace, March 23, 1880, who was b. Oct. 3, 1859, d. Feb. 27, 1919. Their children were:

1. Gertrude Eliza, b. Jan. 4, 1881. Unmarried.
2. Wallace M., b. March 16, 1883. Married Jan. 19, 1911 to Ottilla L. Gilliland. Issue: Wallace A., b. Oct. 30, 1911; d. July 1, 1912. John A., b. Jan. 5, 1914. Robert W., b. Aug. 24, 1915. William M., b. May 29, 1916. James E., b. April ____, 1918.
3. Helen Margaret, b. Jan. 11, 1885, d. Aug. 16, 1919. Married June 30, 1910 to Frederick A. Adams. Issue: Lucia Elizabeth, b. Nov. 3, 1911.
4. Edward Knight Hussey, b. Aug. 29, 1889, d. Jan. 6, 1946. Issue: Two daughters, Janet and_____.

The American line of the Hussey family, that is the direct line of Amy Hussey Graham and others, is as follows:

1. Christopher Hussey; married Theodate Bachiler.
2. John Hussey I, son of Christopher and Theodate Hussey; married Rebecca Perkins.
3. John Hussey II, son of John and Rebecca Perkins Hussey; married Anne Garretson.

4. John Hussey III, son of John and Anne Garretson Hussey; married first in 1723 to Jane Penrose; and married second to Betty_____, in 1749, her surname unknown.

5. George Hussey, son of John III and Betty Hussey; married (1) Rachel Hayward; married (2) Grace Cowpland McDermid.

6. Joseph Hussey, son of George and Rachel Hayward Hussey; married Ellen Simons.

7. Edward Simons Hussey, son of Joseph and Ellen Simons Hussey, married Eliza Rosencranz.

8. Edward Henry Hussey, eldest surviving son of Edward Simons Hussey and Eliza Rosencranz Hussey, married Mary A. Truesdale Bassett.

9. Amy Hussey Graham and her three sisters, daughters of Edward H. and Mary Bassett Hussey.

Further descent is through daughter, Helen Hussey Fish and her children.

Also, through the children of Edward H. Hussey's two brothers and his sister, Lucia E. Hussey Knight.

Details of line appear in previous text.

The Rosencranz Family in America
(the Paternal Line of Eliza Rosencranz Hussey)

Harman Hendryx Rosencranz, (spelled variously as Rosencranz, Rosencrans, Roosecrants, Roseorans, etc.; in fact, there are thirteen versions given, but the accepted earlier name seems to be Rosenkranz), was the first American Rosenkranz and was a descendant of Captain Dirck Rosenkranz of Amsterdam, Holland, who was descended from the German branch of the Rosenkranz family, through Erik Neilsen of Holstein, Denmark, now a part of Germany. Erik was a Knight and nobleman of an old Danish family. In 1325 he was presented with a rose wreath and took the name of Rosenkranz from that, as the King of Denmark ordered the nobility to take family names. Erik was a son of Neils Iversen, head of the family in Denmark in 1308 and a descendant of Erik the First, of 1227, A.D. Members of the Rosenkranz family emigrated to Amsterdam, Holland, where Jacobson Rosenkranz was one of the Captains in the Civil Guard of Amsterdam in 1584 and 1588 and a commissioner in 1589.

Harman H. Rosencranz, of the above line, went to Bergen, in Norway, about the middle of the 17th century and married Madeline Dircks of Holland, widow of Cornelius Caper, March 3, 1657. He came to America in 1657, settling in Kingston, N.Y., where there is a record of him giving 12 guilders for the erection of a parsonage. All the American line descended from him.

Harman H. Rosencranz's oldest son was Alexander, who married Margaret DePuy, daughter of Moses DePuy, a Huguenot from France. Alexander II was their son; and the latter's son, John, on Aug. 8, 1751, married Margaret DeWitt, a relative of DeWitt Clinton, one time governor of New York. John became a colonel in the Revolutionary Army.

Dircks Rosencranz was the ninth child and son of Harman and Madeline Dircks Caper Rosenkranz. Derrick is the English version of Dircks. He married on Sept. 16, 1702, Wintje Kierstad, a great great-granddaughter of the noted Anneke Jans. Our line descended through him.

Jacobus, a son of Dircks and Wintje Rosenkranz, was baptized March 17, 1706 and married Sarak Dekker. Their son, John, was baptized Dec. 23, 1744. This John fought in the Revolution as a private in Captain Peter Roosa's company, in Colonel John Johnson's regiment of Ulster Co., New York Regulars. He was born in Port Jervis, New York and married Marie Roosa, daughter of Jan Aldersee and Catherine Van Etten Roosa. (See, D.A.R. Lineage Book, Vol. 38, p. 132. #37284)

They had a son, John, and a son Isaac and seventeen other children. John Rosencranz, (as he spelled it), was born in Orange Co., N.Y. in 1785. He and his brother Isaac purchased 300 acres of land on the Susquehanna River in Luzerne Co., Penn. He was in the Wyoming Valley Massacre. In 1807, he sold his land to Isaac and went to Delaware Co., Ohio. Thence he removed to Terre Haute, Ind., about 1819, where he was engaged in the tanning and leather business. On a business trip down the Mississippi he was killed by Indians, or robbers, as the tradition goes. He had married earlier Sarah Mullineau, or Mullenix, of French descent. She was said to have been the most beautiful woman in the territory. The children of John and Sarah Mullineau were two, a son and daughter. The son fought in the Civil War and was imprisoned and died later in a Columbus, Ohio hospital. His name was William Henry Rosencranz. The daughter was Eliza Rosencranz, my grandmother. She was raised by General Cruft of Carlisle and Terre Haute, Indiana. General Cruft had a daughter, Lucia, who married a man named Putnam. From her the name Lucia was perpetuated in our family. There were eight girls of that name in our various later families. John's widow married Reuben (?) Rice, of Ottawa, Canada, and later some members of the Rice family visited my grandmother, in my childhood.

There is a mention of John's sister, Rebecca and a son, William Henry. Daniel Rosenkranz, a son of Jacobus, before mentioned, married Catrina Cool, lived in the Wyoming Valley, Penn., and was captured by Indians. Their great great-grandson was William Starke Rosenkranz, (or Rosencrans), a General in the Civil War, on the Union side.

Notes from the History of Delaware Co., Ohio:

In 1809 James Stark, John Rosenkranz and David Tyler moved in from Pennsylvania. They settled in Kingston township. The Rosenkranz were a prolific family. John brought four sons, to say nothing of daughters. The sons were Abraham, Isaac, Jacob and John.

Susan Rosenkranz, daughter of Abraham and Susan Patrie Rosenkranz, was born in Delaware Co. about 1821 and married John Rice of Delaware Co.

Colonel Rosenkranz had 14 children by his wife, Margaret De Witt. Among them was Jacob, a captain in war of Revolution. Others were:

Alexander, who was a soldier in Revolution; Catherine; Charick; De Witt; Elijah; Levi; Joseph and Benjamin, twins, (Benjamin was a major in the was of 1812); Simeon, Simeon II, and Polly, who never married. Benjamin married for his second wife Jane Brokaw, widow of Aaron Dekker.

Alexander, Jr., married _____ Schoomaker, and went to Walpack, N.J. Alexander had seven children: Maria, Harman, Magdalena, Catrina, Johannis, Johannis II, and Helena.

The DeWitt family, also, was of good Holland ancestry. Colonel John Rosenkranz owned 500 acres of land and added 750 at Walpack, N.J.

Our Rosencranz, or Rosencrans, line is as follows:

1. Harman Hendryx Rosencranz married Madeline Dircks, widow of Cornelius Caper, March 3, 1657, and came to America that year.

2. Dircks Rosencranz, ninth child of above, born Kingston, N.Y., married Wintje Keirstad, widow of Jan DeWitt, 9-16-1702. Wintje was a great great-granddaughter of Anneke Jans.

3. Jacobus Rosencranz, son of above, baptized in Rochester, N.Y. 3-17-1706, and married Sarah Dekker of Holland, in 1728.

4. John Rosencranz, Sr., son of above, born in Huguenot, N.Y., baptized 12-23-1744. He was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, being a private in Captain Jan. A. Roosa's Company of Col. John Johnson's Regiment of Ulster Co., N.Y. John married Marie Roosa, daughter of Capt. Jan Aldersee Roosa and Catherine Van Etten Roosa.

5. John Rosencranz, Jr., son of above, born in Oswego, N.Y., 1785. As stated previously, he went to Luzerne, Penn. with his brother Isaac; and then went to Delaware Co., Ohio, in 1807, and after returning awhile to Penn., he moved with his family to Terre Haute, Ind., about 1819. Died shortly afterward, leaving a son and a daughter, Eliza. John had married Sarah Mullenix in Pennsylvania, who was of French descent. She married Reuben (?) Rice and moved to Canada.

6. Eliza Rosencranz, born Oct. 14, 1816 in Pennsylvania; after her mother moved to Canada, was raised by the Cruft family of Carlisle, Ind. and later of Terre Haute, Ind. She married in Carlisle, Edward Simons Hussey, on 9-17-1835, and died in Brazil, Indiana, March 23, 1880.

The later descendants of Eliza have been indicated before.

At least five persons who are descendants of the Rosencranz family are listed in the D.A.R. lineage records.

The Truesdale Family in America

John Truesdale (1) born in Ireland and came to America in 1771.

John Truesdale (2) also born in Ireland and came to America in 1771 with father John (1). Settled in Washington County, later Perry County, Penn. Enlisted as a private in the Revolutionary Army and served under Washington's direct command and accompanied him in the crossing of the Delaware and in the Battle of Trenton. Continental Line, Penn. Art., Cumberland Co. Militia. Married Hannah Robinson of Pennsylvania. Later went to Mahoning County, Ohio. Listed there with taxpayers in 1802, Austintown Township, Poland, Ohio.

Children: John (3); James; Hugh; William; Alexander; Robinson, Col. of Militia; Joseph; Margaret; Mary; Jane.

John (3) was born in 1783; served in the War of 1812; died 1825. Married Mary Reed, who died in 1825 within a few days of her husband, and the children were brought up by uncles. Children: James (died young); William; Jackson; Mary; John (died young).

William, of the above family, went to Peoria, Ill. Married Anna Borden and was a prominent manufacturer. His children Albert, Josphinne, Lucy and another. One daughter married Porter Wheeler.

Jackson lived in Canfield, Ohio, born in 1820, educated at Oberlin College and Allegheny College; taught school in Kentucky, 1 year and in Nashville, Tenn., 1 year. Came home and studied medicine with his uncle, Dr. Joseph Truesdale. Entered Medical School in Cleveland, Ohio. Practiced medicine 16 years in Canfield, Ohio. Then entered mercantile business (Truesdale & Kirk); Vice Pres. Farmers Bank; Canfield County auditor, being the first Republican ever to be elected in Mahoning Co. All Truesdales were Republicans, Presbyterians and Masons, as far as records show. Jackson married, first, Lola Tyler. Children: Henry, who starved to death in rebel prison camp at Andersonville, a boy of seventeen; Lola, married _____ Cummins, lived at Lorrain, Ohio. Jackson married, second, Hannah Eckis, no children; and married third, Luceba, daughter of General Ripley. Children: William, who was educated at Ohio University, was a professor at University of Colorado and died there. John, a business man of Youngstown, Ohio.

Mary daughter of John (3), born in 1814; married in 1839 to William Bassett, who died in 1859. Mary died in 1902. Children: Mary A., born 1841, died 1898; married Edward H. Hussey in 1861. Albert, married Lizzie, no children. Amelia, died 1869. Henry, not married. Edward, died 1865. Anna, died in infancy.

Mary, daughter of William Bassett and Mary Truesdale Bassett, married Edward H. Hussey, 1861.

(See Hussey line, as set out earlier.)

DATA FROM D.A.R. LINEAGE BOOKS DESCENDANTS FROM JOHN TRUESDALE (2), OF REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

MRS. LUCY T. JACOBS #48107 Vol. 49, page 52
Born Mahoning County, Ohio. Wife of Sheldon Jacobs.
Descendant of John Truesdale.
Dau. Alex. Truesdale and Harriet Leach, his wife.
Granddaughter of John Truesdale and Hannah Robinson.

MARY E. MOORE McKINNIE #54074 Vol. 55, page 51.
Born Poland, Ohio. Wife of E. L. McKinnie.
Descendant of John Truesdale.
Dau. of James S. Moore & Hannah Truesdale.
Granddaughter of Hugh Truesdale and Ann Riley, his wife.
Great Granddaughter of John Truesdale and Hannah Robinson.

ALLICE LEE McKINNIE #54075 Vol. 55, page 32.
Born Viola, Ill.
Descendant of John Truesdale.
Dau. of Ebenezer Lee McKinnie & Mary Elizabeth Moore.
Granddaughter of James Moore & Hannah Truesdale.
Great-granddaughter of Hugh Truesdale and Ann Riley, his wife.
Great Great-granddaughter of John Truesdale and Hannah Robinson, his wife.

HANNAH MOORE McKINNIE BISSELL #54076 Vol. 55, page 32.
Born Viola, Ill. Wife of Frank Bissell.
Dau. Ebenezer Lee McKinnie & Mary Elizabeth Moore.
Granddaughter of James S. Moore and Hannah Truesdale.
Great granddaughter of Hugh Truesdale and Ann Riley, his wife.
Great great-granddaughter of John Truesdale and Hannah Robinson, his wife.

BERTHA McKINNIE PHELPS #54077 Vol. 55, page 32.
Sister of above and ancestry same.

MARY AGNES STEWART SMITH #66394 Vol. 67, page 48.
Wife of Ralph McCracken Smith; Desc. John Truesdale.
Dau. John Harrison Stewart and Rachel Ann Moore.
Granddaughter of James S. Moore and Hannah Truesdale, his wife.
Great granddaughter of Hugh Truesdale and Ann Riley, his wife.
Great great-granddaughter of John Truesdale and Hannah Robinson, his wife.

John Truesdale, 1745-1819, served as private in Capt. William Black's Co. 5th Bn., Cumberland County, Penn., 1780. Born in Ireland, died in Austintown, Ohio.

Hugh Truesdale was born in County Down, Ireland in 1730 and died in 1814 in Beaver Co., Penn. Served in Cumberland County, Penn. militia, 1778, under Capt. Charles Leifer.

My work is still unfinished and not in final form for publication, as I have long planned it and still hope to accomplish. If I cannot do this, I hope others will perpetuate this research of so many years.

Silver Spring, Maryland
January 1, 1946 Mrs. Amy Hussey Graham

Conclusion by Edward Hussey Knight

Mrs. Amy Hussey Graham, my maternal first cousin, had almost completed an unrevised draft of this valuable genealogy preparatory to having it transcribed in final form, but illness and her death in August, 1946, prevented this. Knowing her deep interest in her arduous work, I have now completed her account, with certain corrections and additions to round out the several family lines more closely associated; but have preserved generally her own language. Absolute accuracy is impossible in covering such span of years, but both she and I have endeavored to verify all material statements and to append authorities, where

available; so I feel this research may be of some benefit to future generations here concerned.

Many collateral lines of each of above families may be traced accurately in various records; but my cousin had confined this to only a few so as to preserve such records for those who may be more directly interested. Lack of time had prevented her from filling in a few missing links in the chain of descent in certain lines, and illness in late years had handicapped her research.

While I and my several cousins have the complete lines of descent in our several immediate families, I thought best to terminate this account with the names and data of the children of my own two sisters and those of my several first cousins, although one or two further generations of children have already followed them. They can be easily identified by anyone seeking to extend this account through such further lines.

Indianapolis, Indiana,
December 21, 1950.
Res., 3110 N. Pennsylvania St. Edward Hussey Knight